

DAS-161001010406

Seat No. _____

B. Arch. (Sem. IV) Examination May - 2022

Environmental Sciences & Services - II

Time: 2 Hours] [Total Marks: 50

Instructions: (1) Critical understanding of subject is the criterion of assessment

- (2) Support your statement with examples/sketches wherever necessary.
- (3) Assume appropriate data wherever necessary.
- (4) Attend all Five (05) equations, each having equal weightage of Ten (10) Marks
- 1 Attend any Ten (10), each having equal weightage of one (01) Mark.
 - (1) 'South Direction' is considered to be the 'Best direction' for receiving 'Constant & Uniform Daylight' in Rajkot True or False.
 - (2) Overcast / Cloudy Sky' will offer best 'Daylight' -True or False.
 - (3) Daylight coming from the 'Wider Opening' will penetrate more, in compare of 'Longer Opening' -True or False.
 - (4) Which lighting fixture has comparatively longer life span CFL or LED?
 - (5) Which type of Switchboard, Bathroom should have: Lowboard @ 1.00 Mt. height or High-board @ 1.50 Mt. heights?
 - (6) What ampere supply, Air-Conditioner must have 5 Amp or 15 Amp?
 - (7) Water consumption 'Per Person per Day' in normal condition is _____ liters.
 - (8) For Residence, Dia. for 'End-point supply' is usually _____ mm.

- (9) Slope for Bathroom floor usually should be 1:_____.
- (10) Discontinuing the Oxygen supply can stop the active fireTrue or False.
- (11) For 'Fire-Detection', Smoke detectors are known as 'Electric Nose' or 'Electric Eye'?
- (12) Minimum width for 'Main Stair' for 70 Mts. tall building, must be _____ Mts.
- 2 Daylight & Natural Lighting: Attend any One (01)
 - (1) Discuss the 'Importance of Orientation' with respect to 'Daylight & Natural Lighting' and explain the same for Residential building.
 - (2) Discuss the importance of 'Daylighting' for Museum building and elaborate different strategies for admitting & controlling the same.
 - (3) Discuss the merits & demerits of 'Long/Vertical openings' v/s 'Wide/horizontal openings' for Living room, with respect of Daylight.
- 3 Artificial Lighting & Electrification : Attend any One (01)
 - (1) Discuss the 'Importance of Artificial Lighting' for Mall building and elaborate different types of 'Lighting Fixtures & Methods' for the same.
 - (2) Discuss the 'Functional Lighting' v/s 'Aesthetical Lighting' for Residential building, with respect of Artificial Lighting.
 - (3) Discuss the 'Components of Electrification System' for functional & aesthetical lighting, for Residential building.
- 4 Plumbing & Drainage: Attend any One (01)
 - (1) Discuss the 'Criteria of Good Bathroom Design' for :
 - Bathroom (having 2.40 Mts. width, 3.00 Mts. depth,
 3.00 Mts. height), having sunken slab, located on intermediate floor of Residential building

- Bathroom must have Wash-basin, European W.C., Bath-tub or showercubical, along with other essentialsupportive 'Dry Fixtures', as required
- Assume other relevant data as suitable i.e. masonry, opening, ventilation, pipe inlets & outlets, etc.
- Illustrate your design with neat & appropriate drawings/ sketches
- (2) Discuss the relevance of using 'PVC Fittings & Fixtures' for Plumbing & Drainage system and explain any Three (03) elements in detail.
- (3) Discuss 'Water-tank, Septic-tank, and Soak-pit', as a Cast-In-Situ element in Plumbing & Drainage system for Residential building.
- 5 Fire-fighting & Protection: Attend any One (01)
 - (1) Discuss the 'Importance of Passive Safety Aspects' with respect to 'FireFighting & Protection' and explain the same for Public Institute building.
 - (2) Discuss the importance of 'Active Safety Aspects' for Auditorium building and elaborate different method & systems for the same.
 - (3) Discuss the 'Components of Automatic, Fixed, Water-based Fire-Fighting System' for 70 Mts. tall Commercial building.